

FREE TEXT BOOKS. WIN IN HOUSE

Molyneux Bill Passes by a Vote
of 29 to 10.

MRS. COULTER OPPOSES SHE AND ROBERTS BOTH FIGHT THE MEASURE.

After a heated debate, the Molyneux free text-book bill was passed by the house yesterday. The vote was as follows:

Ayes—Adams, Barrett, Brink, Cannon, Child, Chipman, Colton, Condon, Done, Evans, Fishburn, Hamlin, Haslam, Hawley, J. E. Johnson, Luther, McFarland, McKinnon, Merrill, Molyneux, Nash, Peterson, Richards, Robinson, Smith, Spry, White, Wilson, Hull and 29.

Noes—Anderson, Austin, Mrs. Coulter, Hall, Lee, McRae, Redd, Roberts, Stone, Watts—10.

Present and not voting—J. H. Johnson, Metcalf, Morris, Stewart, Stoker, Tietjen—5.

Only one member of the Salt Lake county delegation voted against the bill—Bishop McRae—while Mrs. Coulter was the only member from Weber county to oppose it.

One of the surprises of the debate was the attitude of Mrs. Coulter. It was generally supposed that she would favor the measure as one calculated to help the cause of general education. Instead of doing this she made a speech opposing it. Her main reasons were three: First, that the parents ought to be willing to pay for the books; second, that it would be a burden to the teachers; third, that there would be a squabble as to who should get the new and who the old books. Another reason was "because."

Bill Was a Special Order.

The bill came up as a special order. Watts tried to get stricken out of that portion of the bill requiring the school districts to buy from merchants the children at introductory or exchange prices the books on hand. He was voted down. Roberts moved to amend so that the state should buy the books, making a special appropriation. This was lost.

Then the fight began on the main bill, and the firing was hot and heavy. Roberts led the opponents of the measure, while his friends were legion. Roberts declared the bill would raise taxes and that taxes are already as high in Cache county that investors are kept out.

"It is socialist," he declared. Merrill, who is a resident of Cache county, living in Richmond while Roberts lives in Logan, took issue with his colleague.

"I don't believe he represents the sentiment of all his constituents," he declared. "He may represent the sentiment of Logan, but Logan contains only one-third the population of the county."

Expense Under New Law.
Mr. Merrill then declared his constituents were in favor of the bill and cited statistics to show that the expense to the average man would be less under the new law than before, even with an increase of taxation. Fishburn made an oration for the bill.

"If the gentleman from Cache thinks this is socialism," declared White, "I hope that when the appropriation bill comes up he will tell us it is socialism to give an appropriation to the Agricultural college at Logan, and thereby save us that expense. This bill will help poor children to get an education, and that is the duty of the state."

Done figured out that the tax on a man having \$1,000 assessed valuation would be 25 cents.

"I wish you'd ask the superintendent of public instruction of Idaho what he thinks of free text-books," interrupted Roberts.

"I have here a telegram on that very subject," replied Done, "and with permission of the house I will read it."

Gives General Satisfaction.
The telegram read: "Boise, Ida.—A. C. Nelson, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Salt Lake, Utah: I believe it is conceded that the free text-book law is giving general satisfaction."

"Assistant Superintendent Public Instruction."
Austin said his constituents appeared to be about equally divided on the

subject. He was against increasing taxation and therefore opposed to the bill.

"I look back to 1888," announced McRae, "when Salt Lake county didn't owe any money. Now the school board of Salt Lake City owes \$665,000. I don't propose to vote for any more taxes."

"How many free public schools did you have then?" asked Dr. Condon. "I don't know," replied McRae. "I never counted them."

Conditions Years Ago.
At this implied admission that there were no free schools at all then, the house laughed.

"Would you be willing to return to the conditions of 1888?" persisted Dr. Condon.

"No," replied McRae, "I believe in progress."

The previous question was ordered. Chairman Done of the committee on education yielded to Molyneux, author of the bill, the privilege of closing the debate by rising to a question of personal privilege. He was ruled out of order two or three times but kept on until he was finally called to order by the speaker.

Renewed the Fight.
The opponents of free text-books renewed their activity after the morning exercise. Evans, who had voted for the bill, gave notice that he would move a reconsideration on Tuesday and Hawley, who was considered immediately. On motion of Dr. Condon, Hawley's motion was laid on the table by a large majority.

There was a debate over the salaries for the last thirty days of the session, but when the question was put to a rising vote the affirmative had 25 yeas.

These bills were recommended for passage by the committee:

S. B. 56, as to the time of fixing the rate of the millage tax.

S. B. 58, in relation to claims against towns and cities.

S. B. 59, in relation to the time of commencing action against a county on rejected claim.

S. B. 67, relating to the mayor's veto in cities of the first and second class.

H. B. 43, Condon anti-docking bill.

H. B. 64, creating a state board of sheep commissioners.

S. B. 39, making sheriffs livestock inspectors.

Brink's measure raising the maximum of school age to 21 years was the subject of two reports by the committee on education. The majority report, which was against the bill, was signed by Done, Coulter, Roberts, Fishburn and Robinson, and the minority report by Colton Chipman, Molyneux and Anderson.

The passage by the senate of S. B. 19, to punish and prevent the desecration of the flag of the United States, was announced. Another story is to be added to the Scott-Strevell structure.

The building occupied by the Scott-Strevell Hardware company is to be remodeled and made into a modern office building. Another story is to be added to the structure and improvements are to be made costing about \$20,000. It is expected that the building will be ready for occupancy within six weeks from now.

The front will be remodeled and a lobby will be constructed in what was an electric elevator. Another story is to be added. The building is now four stories, and another story will be added, making it a five-story structure. The first floor is to be used for a retail store of some kind and the other four floors will be fitted up for offices exclusively.

The building is in consultation with a committee of doctors, today," said Mr. Strevell, "and as a result the offices will be made with special reference to the needs and convenience of physicians. In fact we expect to make the building a headquarters for all the physicians. It is centrally located and will make a good office building for doctors and lawyers. Already we have enough applications from physicians for offices to fill one entire floor, and there are more who want offices."

"Besides this we have applications from enough others to almost fill the building even before it is remodeled. Work will commence on the building just as soon as the plans can be completed, which will probably be in a week. We expect to have the building ready for service within thirty days after work is commenced."

DEATH WAS SUDDEN.

Paralysis of the Heart Carries Off
Ulysses V. Duguet.

Ulysses V. Duguet, a well-known contractor, died suddenly at his home, 458 East Fourth South street, early yesterday morning. Paralysis of the heart is assigned as the cause of death.

Mr. Duguet was taken sick a few days ago with something like a severe cold, which turned into a form of the grip. He was not considered to be seriously sick and seemed to be improving. Yesterday morning when the members of the family went to his room to see how he was, they found him dead, and from all indications he had been dead for two hours or more.

Mr. Duguet was a young man 31 years of age and unmarried. He was a contractor by trade. In the order of Knights of Columbus he was a prominent member, being financial secretary. He was also an usher at St. Mary's cathedral for many years. He was born in Connecticut and lived in Salt Lake about fifteen years.

IDAHO LEGISLATURE.

Big Batch of New Bills Brought Forward.

(Special to The Herald.)
Boise, Idaho, Feb. 12.—The house passed today a large number of bills, including religious and benevolent corporations to mortgage or sell property by a majority vote. The bill is a measure, by Keifer, to suppress contagious sheep diseases and create the office of sheep inspector. It also provides for reducing the terms of school in independent districts.

By Galloway, providing for license on the business of raising and herding live stock; by Burke and Pyke, relating to estrays; by Burke, amending the law for organization of cities and towns.

In the senate—new bills: Allen, providing for disposition of state funds on interest; Purill, relating to the providing forms for deeds and mortgages; Day, relating the sale of intoxicating liquors; to create the office of state veterinarian; Day, appropriating \$5,000 to market to against the Albin state normal school.

Senate bills passed: No. 28, by Brigham, relating to powers of cities and towns; Keifer, to create Anderson county out of part of Bingham; 22, Evans, providing for the practice of law; 24, Brigham, relating to employment of teachers and making school library tax not compulsory.

The house adjourned at noon out of respect to the memory of Lincoln.

KILLED HER HUSBAND.

Day, Feb. 12.—Mrs. Frank Lavelle, who was arrested at Newton, day, charged with the murder of her husband, killed him with an axe and placed the remains in a barn which she subsequently set on fire. The alleged crime occurred last summer. Lavelle was the woman's third husband.

CITY DERIVES NO BENEFITS

Waterworks Fund Surplus Not
For General Use.

IT ALWAYS REMAINS INTACT

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR 1903.

The water works system will receive more than usual attention this year in the annual report of City Auditor Albert Riser to Mayor Ezra Thompson, owing to the attention directed towards that branch of the city government through a bill now pending before the legislature which seeks to take the control of the plant from the hands of the council and place it in charge of a special commission of five individuals.

That citizens generally are not familiar with the waterworks and source of supply, is shown by a question asked the city auditor a few days ago by a member of the council. It was a day or two after Senator Sam Berger introduced his bill.

Even Councilman Didn't Know.
The councilman said he had heard on the streets that the city derived about \$100,000 annually from the waterworks, through taxes, etc.; that about \$40,000 is expended in maintaining the plant, and that the balance, some \$60,000, goes into the general maintenance fund of the city. He wanted to know whether it was correct.

The annual report of Auditor Riser will show that the surplus for 1902 of the waterworks fund was exactly \$2,017.47. That money can never be taken from the water works fund, excepting for expenditure to improve the system of the city.

The waterworks fund was created by ordinance of the city council, and according to Sept. 24, 1900. The ordinance provides that the revenues of the waterworks system shall be kept in a separate fund and used, first, for the payment of interest on water bonds 2d, for the maintenance of the waterworks system, and 3d, for such extensions and improvements as the city council shall order from time to time.

During 1902 the receipts of this fund were \$102,567.90, and the disbursements \$100,550.37. The separate sources of revenues, and the different purposes for which the money was used last year are as follows, which figures will form a portion of the annual report of Auditor Riser to Mayor Thompson:

Receipts For Last Year.
Balance, Jan. 1, 1902..... \$ 7,746.32
Water rates, 1901..... \$21,377.14
Water rates, 1902..... \$21,377.14
Meter rates..... 7,757.65
Water service permits..... 701.70
Waterworks department..... 1,230.31
Individual and companies' account..... 80.50
Fees for water..... 50.50
Waterworks department..... 899.90
Tax sale redemption, F. Langton..... 108.90 \$ 94,821.38
Total..... \$102,567.90

Disbursements For Last Year.

Waterworks department..... \$23,844.88
Maintenance..... 311.88
Improvements..... 9,081.18
Storehouse..... 197.75
Individual and companies' account..... 197.75
Plant and equipment..... 6,728.70
Treasurer's office, waterworks account..... 231.27
City Creek pipe line..... 17,935.48
Furnace plant at City Creek lake..... 6,392.05
Interest on water bonds..... 10,000.00
City Creek pipe line..... 102.19
Twenty-first ward pipe line..... 102.19
Backflowing water..... 31.75
Engineering department..... 436.13
Pipe line, brick tank to West Temple street..... 520.04
Headworks in City Creek canyon..... 187.85
Parley's canyon water commission..... 18.88
Parley's canyon weirs..... 60.75
Pumping plant for Liberty park wells..... 14.20
Water main extension..... 500.52
Water main extension..... 538.42
Water rates rebate..... 70.75
Furnace plant..... 262.30
Printing and advertising..... 112.50
Exchange on water bills..... 30.00
Insurance..... 46.95
Utah lake reclamation..... 762.90
Reservoir site, Parley's canyon..... 907.26
Thirteenth East street reservoir..... 6.00
Water main extensions..... 15,437.72 \$100,550.38
(city expense)
Balance Dec. 31, 1902..... \$ 2,017.47
Total..... \$102,567.90

CANNOT RETAIN ANY FEES.

Board of Health Must Turn Them Over to State Treasurer.

Fees collected by the state board of health must be turned into the state treasury, according to an opinion of Attorney General M. A. Breiden, which was yesterday transmitted by him to the board of health.

Under a rule of the board all embalmers are first required to pass an examination before they can receive their license to embalm bodies and otherwise prepare them for shipment. The fee for the certificate is \$5. Each year this must be renewed at a cost of \$1.

It has been the practice of the board to send all such money to the state treasurer. There was an impression, however, that possibly these fees might be retained by the board and used for current expenses. To ascertain that matter, the opinion of the attorney general was asked by Auditor Tietjen.

DEALS IN REALTY.

The following real estate transfers were filed for record yesterday with County Recorder Walter H. Meeks:

The Deseret Savings bank to Emma Kemp, lot 1, block 98, plat A, corner X and Third West streets; consideration, \$1,000.

H. K. Warren to James Thompson, lot 9, block 19, Superior addition; consideration, \$1,500.

CURING CONSUMPTION.

When Scott's Emulsion makes the consumptive gain flesh it is curing his consumption.

Exactly what goes on inside to make the consumptive gain weight when taking Scott's Emulsion is still a mystery.

Scott's Emulsion does something to the lungs too that reduces the cough. More weight and less cough always mean that consumption is losing its influence over the system.

Scott's Emulsion is a reliable help.

Sent for Free Sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 400 Pearl St., N. Y.

MAY APPOINT A NEIGHBORLY AGENT

Committee of the Commercial
Club Discusses the Question.

NEAL WILL MAKE A CHANGE

EDITORS OF EUROPE MAY PAY
SALT LAKE A VISIT.

An effort will be made by the Commercial club to correct the freight rate discriminations of which Utah is declared to be a victim. To accomplish this end is one of the objects of the committee on freight and transportation, which was organized at the rooms on Tuesday evening. The local rate situation was made the subject of two hours of discussion, but several plans were regarded with favor in the effort to secure for Utah favorable and equitable freight rates.

The rates at present are far from favorable. The Commercial club has secured some advantages for Salt Lake City, but these have been of a temporary character. A year ago, when the Western companies threatened to raise the rate on iron, the Commercial club entered a protest, and the result was that the change was postponed for several months. The local merchants took advantage of the delay by increasing their orders.

To Appoint Agent.
The Commercial club now proposes to appoint a traffic agent, whose duty it will be to investigate complaints against the railroad companies. It is believed in this way better and more uniform rates for the merchants of the entire state will be secured than at present rates, it is said, affect Utah and operate against the merchants and the state in general. The committee now has the backing of practically all the big shippers of the city, most of whom are members of the club, and it is believed that anything the committee undertakes will have more than a passing weight. A member of the club said yesterday:

"There is no question regarding the discrimination against the state. It is no secret. Every merchant who ships or receives goods is made to feel the influence of this discrimination. In fact, the entire state is being injured. We are sending freight through to the coast for less than it costs to ship it here. There is no excuse for this. The cost of hauling is less than it was ten or fifteen years ago, yet the rates are the same."

Increase in Traffic.
"Five cars are hauled over the road to one hauled several years ago. I presume there has been some increase in the cost of material and operation, but this is an item of very recent concern. Last year there was a decided increase in the freight hauls in this state, but there has been a decided stiffening of the rates. I don't see why the Commercial club committee withheld its minutes from the press. These things ought to be made public. The people are interested and they want to know what is being done."

"Publicity helps such things. The press stands between the people and these evils, and the committee should work with the papers. I think the street car matters ought to have been published. It is something the public has a right to know about. If these matters of freight and the public will lose its interest in the matters of this kind. The people have as much right to know of these things as they have of the proceedings and the meetings of the club when they affect public questions should be open."

MANY VISITORS EXPECTED.

Plumbers' and the Presbyterian Conventions Will Be Early.
Western lines are looking for a rush of business in the spring. This is owing to the convention to be held on the coast in the early part of the year. The national convention of the master plumbers, which begins at Los Angeles on May 19 and continues for three days, special rates have been made and inducements are offered those who want to visit San Francisco and Salt Lake City.

The general assembly of the Presbyterian church, which will attract one of the largest crowds of the season, will be held in San Francisco, and will continue in the latter part of May. It is expected that this convention will also be the means of bringing a great many visitors to this city and special rates will have been prepared.

NEAL WILL CHANGE.

Eastern Line Offers Him the Position of Trainmaster.
Chief Dispatcher Neal of the Rio Grande will retire from the road on the first of the month. Mr. Neal came here from Starburg several months ago and the officials are reluctant to have him go, as he is regarded as a careful man.

Mr. Neal has better offers from two eastern lines. One of these is the Colorado & Southern. He attracted J. M. Herbert's attention when the latter was the manager of the road and upon the occasion of his last visit to this city he suggested the matter of a change.

Mr. Neal also has an offer from one of the other eastern roads, and upon both lines has been offered the position of trainmaster. He has not yet decided which position he will take.

EDITORS FROM ABROAD.

May Visit This City During the Exposition in St. Louis.
One of the features of the St. Louis exposition will be the international press congress to be held in September. It will be composed of from 200 to 300 delegates chosen from the press associations of Europe, and will represent the greatest journals, editors and owners or special writers.

While the trip to St. Louis will be free to the delegates, it is expected that many of them will avail themselves of special rates offered by the railroads to other parts of the country. One of the places which will be held out as an inducement to the visitors will be Salt Lake City. Owing to the October elections in Europe the congress will be held early in September. This will give the visitors a chance to visit St. Louis, make a few flying trips on the side and return in time for the political battle of ninety days' limit ticket is to be offered them.

Northern Has a New Chief.

St. Paul, Feb. 12.—A. H. Hoagland has been appointed chief engineer of the Great Northern railway, vice John P. Stevens, resigned. Mr. Stevens was general manager, but no appointment has yet been announced to fill the vacancy. Mr. Stevens had charge of the construction of the Great Northern across the continent, but is best known for his work on the famous Cascade tunnel.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

Contagious diseases were yesterday reported to the board of health as follows: Smallpox, Susie Adams, aged 5, 372 East Third South street.

Scarlet fever, son and daughter of J. P. Smith, 20 South Ninth East street.

Diphtheria, Frank Wags, aged 7, 332 West South Temple street.

2 Days More Of The BIG BOSTON STORE BANKRUPT SALE, And Other Money Saving Propositions to You.

GROCERIES.
Best Columbia River Salmon, full weight, one pound cans..... 10c
Best Pork and Beans, three pound cans, special..... 25c
Best Can Peaches, full weight, extra values, per can..... 10c
Just received a consignment of Ladies' New Spring Styles in Silk and Walking Skirts, to be sold at a great sacrifice during the last two days of our bankrupt sale.

BIG BOSTON STORE,
212, 214, 216 S. W. Temple.
M. Levy, Proprietor.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS.

Do you travel?
If you do, Chances are you're in need of some kind of a Traveling Bag. All kinds are here—Satchels, Grips, Telescopes, Suit Cases. Latter are most popular. And such an assortment you'll find here, Yours will be a funny kind of a Suit Case fancy if we can't suit it. They run from \$2.00 up to \$20.00. Telescopes are 50c and up. Hand Bags are \$2.50 to \$20.00. Of course, we have all kinds of Clothes to put in them.

One Price. J. P. GARDNER, 136-8 Main St.

ESTABLISHED 1864
T. Avey & Bro.
ONE PRICE TO ALL NEVER UNDERSOLD
A ONE AND TWO HOUR SPECIAL FOR
TOMORROW AFTERNOON.
Note the Time and See That You Get Here
EXTRAORDINARY SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY, 2 to 4 O'CLOCK.
65 Dozen Ladies' Embroidered Linen
TURNOVER COLLARS
Regular 25c sellers, all new pretty patterns in blue, pink, light green or natural linen. On sale for two hours at
7 Cents.
Limited two to each customer.

FRIDAY, FEB. 13, FOR ONE HOUR, FROM 3 TO 4 O'CLOCK.
Special—45 Pair Fancy Striped
Flannelette Blankets,
10-4 size, regular \$1.25 Blankets. One pair to a customer, at
69c a Pair.

SIEGEL'S
February Clothing Reductions.
Unmatchable Values for Men and Boys.

We have hundreds of Boys' and Youths' Long Pants Suits in stock, by far too many. Your unrestricted choice of any Suit, which includes Suits that have been \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$16.50, in all sizes from 14 to 20 years, made of such sterling fabrics as blue serges, fancy worsteds and tweeds, both single and double breasted. Your choice—
\$7.85

Men's \$12.00, \$15.00 and \$18.00 Suits in all colors and fabrics, both single and double breasted. Your choice—
\$7.85

Men's Trousers, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 values, consisting of hundreds of pairs of fine worsteds, cassimeres and chevots. Your choice—
\$2.35

The Siegel Clothing Co.
61, 63, 65 Main Street.

New Things For Home Bathers.

First, the Turkish Bath Cabinet. Making it possible for you to get a bath at home as good as you can get anywhere. These come at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50 and \$12.50. But they're all the same make, Robinson's. They're the best. Then if you do not have a bath tub in your house you can get one of these Rubber Bath Tubs. Bath Tub or no—you need one of these Rubber Foot Baths. Or a small tub for baby.

F. C. SCHRAMM,
Prescription Druggist,
Where the Cars Stop,
McCormick Block.

Best Meals On Wheels

There is where the Rock Island and shales—in its dining car service. Not even the swiftest of New York's wheels offers anything finer. Their prices are higher, of course, but the food, the cooking and the service are no better.

Try the Rock Island next time you go to Kansas City, Chicago or St. Louis and get new ideas on how a dining car should be run. Mid-day luncheon, 50 cents.

Rock Island System
Ticket Office
100 West Second South.

E. DRAKE, Dist. Pass. Agent,
GEO. A. BIBLE, T. P. A.,
Salt Lake City, Utah.
H. A. S. RAY,
Gen. Agent, Denver, Colo.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The Utah National Bank,
at Salt Lake City, in the state of Utah, at the close of business Feb. 5, 1903.

RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts..... \$210,325.88
Overdrafts, secured..... 28,717.60
Cured..... 2,500.00
Real estate..... 50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds..... 1,750.00
Stocks, securities, etc..... 8,282.39
Banking house, furniture and fixtures..... 10,275.00
Other real estate owned..... 13,726.43
Due from National Banks (not cashed)..... 13,829.39
Due from State Banks and Bankers..... 128,278.35
Due from approved reserve agents..... 168,288.48
Due from Federal Reserve banks..... 4,964.49
Exchanges for clearing houses, clearing houses..... 363.00
Fractional paper currency, notes and coins..... 61.72
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:
Specie..... \$56,165.00
Legal tender notes..... 77,882.00
Reserve notes..... 2,500.00
Treasury (5 per cent of circulation)..... 2,500.00
Total..... \$749,709.04

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in..... \$100,000.00
Surplus fund..... 14,289.30
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid..... 14,289.30
The National Bank..... 50,000.00
Due to other National Banks..... 8,282.39
Due to State Banks and Bankers..... 50,994.70
Individual deposits subject to check..... 402,333.27
Demand certificates of deposit..... 3,274.85
Time certificates of deposit..... 62,901.82
Readied for cash and currency..... 2,500.00
Cashier's checks outstanding..... 363.00
Liabilities other than those above stated, Letters of Credit..... 809.33
Total..... \$749,709.04

State of Utah, County of Salt Lake, ss: I, Joseph Nelson, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOSEPH NELSON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of February, 1903.
J. E. OPENSHAW, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
JAMES CHIPMAN,
ANTHONY H. LUND,
JOHN HENRY SMITH,
Directors.

A SLY THIEF!
Every tooth that decay steals, when neglected, is a thief. It is a difference and neglect, is a distinct loss to its owner's best health, the which he will find it difficult to replace. Decay is a sly thief and must be watched. I will gladly examine your teeth and tell you if this thief has any present designs on any of your teeth (insured and insured). The thief in the easier it will be for you and me to arrest decay and repair the damage.

DR. HARGADINE
No. 21 Galena Block, State and 2d So. (Opposite Court House.)
W. E. Smedley, Alan Wakeling.
P. O. Box 1677
Telephone 805-4 Rings.

W. E. SMEDLEY & CO.
INSURANCE
Office 142 Main Street (Upstairs).
Representing the Following Well Known Companies:
Commercial Union Assurance Co. of London..... \$3,000,000.00
London Assurance Corporation..... 10,000,000.00
Phoenix Assurance Co. of London..... 15,000,000.00
England..... 10,000,000.00
American Philadelphia..... 2,500,000.00
New York Underwriters..... 12,250,000.00
Providence, Washington..... 2,500,000.00
Losses paid through this Agency exceed \$500,000.

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